



## THE DAILY BULLETIN.

MONDAY EVE., FEB. 18, 1884.

*La belle rivière*—yes, in a horn.

The Mayfield Omnibus has resumed daily trips.

The latest air on the East Mayfield side of the bridge is "Wade till the Cars Roll by."

The bridge over Limington creek is in good condition and will settle back to its proper position on the piers.

A part of the railroad embankment east of the bridge fell in Sunday night. It will not cause any delay in the running of trains.

The National Government should immediately provide a large umbrella for the Ohio river, or authorize its secession from the Pennsylvania neighborhood.

We have been requested by some of the residents of the flooded district, to return thanks to Mr. A. B. Mayhugh, of Orangeburg, for thoughtful and appreciated attention.

DICK CRAIG, of Lexington and Wallace Brokman of Midway, blew out the gas at the Ashland House, Cincinnati, and were found dead in their beds on the morning of the 16th.

JOSHUA GREEN, colored, of Chester, was run over by a wagon on Saturday and badly bruised. The accident happened while he was helping to move family from a flooded house.

These street cars are running to-day from Limestone bridge to the lower part of the city. Trips will be resumed on the other side of the bridge as soon as the track can be cleared of obstructions. The jingle of the bells is welcome music.

Water was turned on from the reservoir to-day. If it is used sparingly there will be an abundant supply of good clear water for drinking purposes, but if used lavishly the supply will soon have to be replaced by muddy water from the river.

**The Snow of Mont Blanc**

is not whiter than teeth that are daily rubbed with Sodozont, and coral gathered in Ocean depths, cannot surpass the hue of gun powder from spongey with the same salutary agent. American ladies visiting foreign lands, excite the admiration of beholders and the envy of their transatlantic sisters, with the surprising excellence of their teeth. When asked to what they owe this charm, they murmur the talismanic word Sodozont!

### PERSONALS.

Mr. George Ellett visited friends at Carlisle, Friday.

Mr. John Heiser, we are pleased to hear, is considered a little better to-day.

Miss Mattie Henderson is at home from Dr. Gould's school while her mother is sick.

Mrs. Dr. Henderson has been quite ill for two weeks past with pleuro-pneumonia, but is now much better.

### ABERDEEN ITEMS.

Our grocers start a good deal of their stock as ever stored in town was in the dampness. Our kind glove gentry did not forget their role, however, and were dressed around as usual as peasants. Such is life.

The medicated well of Col. Gus Simmons stood open to all who wanted to go in under many obligations to Col. Gus Simmons and his less liable wife for many favors. May these good people be long spared to us all, for a blessing to every community.

With the return of the waters, the dam ages were again in evidence. The old dam, built of logs, did not forget their role, however, and were dressed around as usual as peasants. Such is life. The medicated well of Col. Gus Simmons stood open to all who wanted to go in under many obligations to Col. Gus Simmons and his less liable wife for many favors. May these good people be long spared to us all, for a blessing to every community.

Uncle Benny talks too much. River on third street this time.

Sun-Tue is ready to assist.

Joe Dyer is on the relief Committee.

John Weaver is a Trojan in high water.

Seventy-four inches higher than '83, was '84.

The immortal three could not save their hands from the water.

Sprig and Alex looked snootious during the flood.

The country bank is sending lots of provisions to the clothing.

Nelson Sutton rescued Johnny, the baker, when he "young taught he was gone."

**Magistrate and Prisoner Both Drunk.**

(Full Mail Gazette.)

The following card was read out in the Mayor's court of a certain town in Lincolnshire: "Unfortunate for the Mayor, his duties on the bench claim his attention, so he rises from the table. A man was brought in before him on the charge of being drunk and incapable. The Mayor, who had previously been smiling benignly around the crowd assembled in the court, looked at the man unsteadily for a moment, and then said, on the completion of the evidence said: 'Prisoner, you—ourra you're 'shame of yourself! You'll pay a four and ten-pence fine to-morrow!' The prisoner was removed by the constable, and the magistrate was assisted out by his clerk.

### DANVILLE RIOTS.

**Much More Testimony of a Conflicting Character.**

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 18.—Before the sub-Congressional committee to examine the causes which led to the Danville riots during the recent election, Edward Hatch (white) testified that he did not strike Jack Reed (as charged in the prior examination). He had been beaten, though, because he was colored, men by whites.

J. C. Ranger (white), of Danville, related circumstances respecting the riot which was not entirely matched with the statement heretofore made under direct examination. He declined to answer whether or not he fired any shots. He was present when the rioting began, and emphasized his desire to give out. He had been having a pistol on his person on the morning of the riot, but declined to say whether or not he struck any one during the riot. Then he was hit, and had a dozen men on the sidewalk when the fight began, and the crowd was afterwards swollen to about twenty whites. He saw pistols drawn on negroes, and the negroes said they would not disperse. They did not propose to drive away the crowd, but to let the police do it in their endeavor to disperse the crowd. Colonel Cabell made an address to the people on the streets, urging them to be quiet, and the police, organized neighborhood, went to work. Patrolman Hubbell was shot twice, and was slightly wounded. He could not name the one who fired, either white or colored. He saw a white man, did see the effects of wounds received in the side.

"Do you still decide to say whether or not you shot?"

"I saw a bagful of pistols in a small office near the hall in which a meeting was held. I thought it was planned to kill the colored people, and I did my best to stop the election says he intended to carry the election, if not by fair means, then by foul."

Witness did not note because of intimidation. All negroes in Danville stayed away from the polls on election day. The Holland shot was he in the ranks of the colored people.

George Law (white) of Danville, was in the Orange House on the day of the riot. Mr. Noel told him that Lawson had insulted him a second time, and that he could not stand it. Witness and Mr. Taylor did not know where Lawson was going up the street, nor Lawson, and the crowd. Witness had a Smith and Wesson pistol which he had purchased some months previous, and, so far as he recollects met a right-hand man, the usual way that a negro, Lawson, got a general thrashing. The fight, progressed, witness and Mr. Taylor, who was a policeman, who had arrived, to separate the fighters. Witness, in explaining why he "ordered" the negroes to disperse, said when they were fighting, said that it was customary to "order" negroes in his country.

By Mr. Sherman—"Did you not shoot?"

"I did not intend to and I did not shoot."

"Because I am not compelled to do so?"

Further, examined by Mr. Sherman, witness said he saw several pistol shots in the air, and he looked quite large.

Witness had been carrying arms for three weeks. In action in playing field, he said, with a policeman he had been carrying the negroes who were present during the encounter between Mose and Lawson.

As soon as the firing began the negroes ran across the street, and the crowd followed.

Cross-examined by Mr. Vanier, witness explained that the reason he carried a pistol was because of the threats which had been made against him by his employer.

In the opinion of the colored witness, if the negroes had not been armed, he would not have been murdered in their homes.

After recess the witness Law resumed the stand and testified that in his opinion he was justified in going with his friend Noel to see that he had fair play in the affair with Lawson. At the time Senator Vance was asked if he could have any further vote for the colored witness Glass. "I have had none from the stars," Senator replied. The Senator, Mr. Glass placed the poison in his dinner-pail himself.

He will be able to prove that he placed the poison in his dinner-pail himself.

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He was in Danville on the day the riot occurred. Heard Colonel Cabell urge the multitude to keep quiet when the fight began outside of the Opera House.

Col. G. L. Moore (white), Democratic policeman, told the same story about the riot and repeated the story about the efforts to disperse the crowd.

Jeff Conner (white) of Danville, was called to testify that in his opinion the unusual excitement in the city was due to Colonel Simon's speech.

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## THE DAILY BULLETIN.

MONDAY EVE., FEB. 18, 1884.

**BOSHER & McCARTHY,**  
Publishers and Proprietors,  
To whom address all communications



Though your bones  
In ruins lie,  
Don't despair,  
But pass by;  
Go to work,  
And like a man,  
Do the very  
Best you can.

### Flood Matters.

All the houses except one have been swept off of Manchester Island.

Sprinkle chloride of lime around your premises and do it immediately.

We are, at all events, making good progress with our spring scrubbing.

The sisters of the Visitation have contributed \$20 for the relief of the destitute.

The town of Wrightville, below Concord on the Ohio side of the river, is almost destroyed.

The True tobacco warehouse at Aberdeen, is a complete wreck. The loss will be about \$5,000.

A collection for the benefit of the flood sufferers was taken up at St. Patrick's Church Sunday.

The sum of \$100 was raised at the Beasley Creek Church, on Sunday, for the relief of the needy of this vicinity.

Mr. F. W. Armstrong telegraphed this morning from Hillsboro, O., to the Relief Committee to expend \$25 on his account.

Mr. R. M. Harrison, of Helena, has sent to the Relief Committee the sum of \$102, which had been collected there for flood sufferers.

The Father Mathew Total Abstinence Society, at a late meeting, very generously donated \$50 for the benefit of sufferers by the flood.

Mr. January has received a telegram from the Secretary of War authorizing the expenditure of \$500 at Manchester and \$1,000 at Augusta.

A large covered wooden bridge has lodged in the drifts the head of Manchester Island. It is supposed to have come from Buena Vista, Ohio.

We will give a full list of all contributions made for the benefit of this city as soon as it is possible to do so. They are still coming in from all quarters and are very liberal.

Messrs. Hechinger Bros. & Co. have made a liberal donation for the destitute of the city and neighborhood. The committee has been notified that \$100 worth of clothing is subject to their order.

Messrs. Pease Brothers of the Limestone Flour Mills had about one hundred and twenty-five barrels of flour under water and will lose about twenty-five tons of bran. Their total loss will be about \$1,000.

The Springfield Malibecle Iron Company have sent to the relief Committee, through Messrs. J. H. Hall & Co., a check for \$25, which was accepted with thanks, and Messrs. Hall & Co. requested to notify the company.

In response to Hon. J. D. Kehoe's message sent Saturday, Governor Knott replied authorizing the committee to draw for \$4,000 to be applied as follows: Maysville, \$1,200; Chester, \$800; Vancburg, \$800; Augusta, \$800; Concord, \$400.

Lexington, on Saturday, sent through Mr. Phil G. Triplett one thousand loaves of bread, for the destitute of this city. Flemingsburg sent, also, a generous supply of provisions and has raised a sum of money to be expended where it will be most needed.

The Relief Committee of Winchester and Hillsboro have sent to Aberdeen a generous supply of food and clothing and the town is now well provided for in that respect, so we are informed by Esquire Massie Beasley, who is a member of the local Relief Committee.

The following was received this morning:

RIPLEY, O., February 15, 1884.  
**Bulletin.** Allow us through your column to express our gratitudine and thanks to kind people of Marion for dividing their time in their affliction, their store of provisions. We are deeply grateful for your efforts in desire taking this public manner of expressing them.

Secretary Ripley Relief Committee.

Mr. Henry Brown, of East Maysville, is a good and warm hearted citizen. He moved many persons from danger in his boat free of charge, and at one time refused an offer of employment at \$5 an hour while engaged in such work. If there were more citizens like him it would be that much better.

The steamer Granite State arrived Sunday evening about six o'clock and delivered to the Relief Committee, the following supplies:

Seven hundred and thirty-six pounds of sugar.  
Three hundred and twenty-two pounds of coffee.  
Seventy-one sides of bacon.  
Twenty-four frying pans.

Manchester has suffered more than any other town between this place and Vancburg. Up to Sunday no assistance

had been given except by farmers living in the neighborhood. The greater portion of the town is a complete wreck and the loss will be heavy. Trenary Brothers' saw mill has moved from its foundation and the large stack has fallen.

A DESPATCH was received from Mayor Jacob of Louisville, authorizing the Relief Committee to draw for \$500, if it was needed, to relieved the distressed in this city. Mayor January responded as follows:

MAYSVILLE, KY., February 16.—We are in dire straits, but have no money to decline with thanks. H. JANUARY, Mayor.

The following message was received a few hours later:

LEXINGTON, Ky., February 16.—Draw on me for \$500. Regret cannot be more for your sufferers. C. B. JACOB, Mayor.

ALL PERSONS, except the coal merchants, who have furnished supplies to the Relief Committee are requested to make out itemized accounts, in duplicate, of the articles furnished, and present the same to the ward committee which ordered same. Accompanying the account should be the orders given by the ward committee. At the foot of the account should be written, "this account is for articles furnished to the flood sufferers on our orders and is correct," and signed by the committee. These accounts thus proved should be handed in as speedily as possible to the Secretary and Treasurer.

Mr. R. B. Lovel and Hon. H. C. Burton will Concord and Vancburg on Saturday to deliver the money appropriated to those places by the State, and report a very distressing state of affairs there. Every street of Vancburg was submerged and every store except one closed. The damage to Darrow's tannery will be about \$2,000. The lumber dealers and cooper shops will all lose heavily, as will many private citizens. At Concord George Purcell is the principal loser. His saw mill has moved from its foundation and a considerable quantity of lumber has been lost. There is also great suffering at Rome, Ohio. Mr. Lovel in returning made a trip of thirty miles in a job-car, alone.

### CARD.

It is reported that \$10 in money and a supply of provisions from the Relief Committee. This is false as I have not done anything of the kind.

NICHOLAS COOK.

### CITY ITEMS.

Advertisements inserted under this heading will be paid per line for each insertion.

Gum boots at C. S. Miner & Bro.

Try Langdon's City Butter Crackers.

\$6 blankets for \$4 at Hunt & Doyle's.

Gum boots at C. S. Miner & Bro.

\$7.50 blankets for \$5 at Hunt & Doyle's.

\$12 blankets for \$8 at Hunt & Doyle's.

Gum boots at C. S. Miner & Bro.

19f. Don't fail to see Ranson's cheap counter, feb7d1w(6)

Men's hip gum boots at Frank B. Ranson's. 1162c.

PROVISIONS AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Apples, per peck... 30¢ 35¢

Bacon, breakfast... 12¢ 15¢

Bacon, ham... 15¢ 18¢

Bacon, ham, Boston... 18¢ 20¢

Sugar, extra C. B. 9¢ 10¢

Sugar, granulated... 9¢ 10¢

Sugar, powdered per lb... 11¢ 12¢

Turnips, per bushel... 12¢ 13¢

Coal, best light 9¢ 10¢

EGGS, per dozen... 25¢ 28¢

Poultry, per barrel... 12¢ 15¢

Flour, Mayville Fancy, per barrel... 12¢ 15¢

Flour, Kentucky Family, per barrel... 12¢ 15¢

Flour, Mountain Family, per barrel... 12¢ 15¢

Honey, per lb... 12¢ 15¢

Lard, W.B. 12¢ 15¢

Onions, per peck... 12¢ 15¢

Potatoes, per bushel... 20¢ 25¢

Turkeys, dressed, per lb... 10¢ 12¢

POWELL'S COAL MARKET.

Anthracite at Elevators, per ton \$25, de-

ferred to \$20.50.

Anthracite at Elevators, per bushel 16¢

delivered to sea.

Ranson's at Elevators, per bushel 16¢

delivered to sea.

Powdered rice at Elevators, per bushel 9¢

delivered to sea.

Flour, Kent, per barrel... 12¢ 15¢

Flour, Gold, per barrel... 12¢ 15¢

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**TERRIBLE SUFFERING.**  
Frightful Condition to which Certain Indians are Reduced.

Fort Buford, Dak., Feb. 18.—The condition of the Indians at the Poplar Creek and Wolf Point Agency is so deplorable that there is great relief to know that many of them will die from starvation. Heretofore game has been abundant in the regions along the Missouri and Milk rivers, and the Indians have been able to obtain assistance they received from the Government, to live with comparative comfort. But now the game is all destroyed and the country has been ravaged so that the Indians who were here have either died or starved. Of the three thousand dogs in the possession of the Indians at Wolf Point one year ago, only one is now left. In addition to these dogs, many of the horses have been eaten, and many more have been traded off for food. Much the same state of things exists at the Poplar Creek Agency. It is a common saying to see mothers of young girls going about after nightfall offering them to anyone who will furnish them with meat, in return for which they give up their clothing. Men who were strong and vigorous a few months ago are so reduced by hunger that they are scarcely able to walk upright and children are weak and hollow-eyed from starvation. One small scoop of flour each week and a few pounds of beef each month comprise the issue to them, and they are so hungry that when this rations are made to them they will eat it all day and two. Several of them have been found dead between their lodges and the agency, being so reduced by hunger as to be unable to resist the terribly cold weather.

**Editorial Flight.**

HAGERSTOWN, Md., February 18.—A sensation was created to-day in front of the Hagerstown Bank by Andrew G. Boyd, correspondent of the Baltimore Sun, cow-hiding Ira W. Hayes, publisher of the Daily Evening News. The reason for the damage was that two men were separated and snail grew out of a communication which appeared in yesterday's Globe, which said: "The paper will withdraw from filling the New York Times, over a difference in opinion against the Citizens Committee is indeed a fit person to suggest to taxpayers what is wrong and what is right. It is well known that this ex-reporter has been engaged in a detective newspaper does not pay one cent in taxes, and it is very doubtful if his name was ever in the tax book. All the suits that have appeared in the New York Times, it is known, are brought by the press."

Mr. Boyd thinking the article was meant for him went to see Hayes—several times but his interviews were not satisfactory. At last he got the information he wanted, was again revived and the cowhiding took place. The grand jury is still in session and the case was taken in hand by State Attorney Keedy. Hayes was summoned before the grand jury, but nothing as yet has been done in the case.

**AMERICA AND CANADA.**

The Governor General Makes Some Courteous International Remarks.

GRETNA, Ont., Feb. 18.—The Governor General addressed a letter to the meeting of the Dominion Artillery Association, said: "You are not, and I hope never will be, a military nation in the sense in which some of the great European powers are military nations. You people have the peaceful pursuits and are engaged in developing the resources of the country. Your only continuous neighbor is a great power, and with which you are on friendly terms, and whose relations with you, are, as far as I know, absolutely unchanged. They are united to you by ties of descent, language, and culture, and from time immemorial. Again, you form part of an Empire, which you may depend upon it, will never seek quarrels gratuitously or for selfish purposes. For all these reasons, your people in Canada are entitled to instruct when to be prepared national insurance to an army of very moderate strength, supported at a very moderate cost, and at a very moderate sacrifice of the time and attention of those who form the membership of the different forces."

**Murdered His Wife.**

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 18.—Milne Gatewood, a drunkard and an old workhouse graduate, was found dead in his room in a basement on North Sixth Street by the police. A wound on the head and bruises on the arms and shoulders gave evidence of a severe struggle. Investigation developed the fact that he had run away at night with "Klo" Gatewood, his husband. He has been arrested. An old woman who occupies an adjoining room stated that she heard a noise in the hall the night before and heard the death groans of the woman, but did not enter the room.

**Mrs. Goodwin's Many Troubles.**

ESTON, Feb. 18.—The last case against Mrs. J. C. Goodwin, the woman who figured here, in Massillon, Ohio, in the Wheeler and Ladd case, as a second charge in court, and the jury was told to find a verdict of not guilty and put the costs on the county. The case was then brought by her attorney, Mr. Pruden, and he, too, Goodwin had, by her representations, obtained goods from them on credit. Mrs. Goodwin has five months to remain in prison, and when released will be taken back to West Virginia, for violating the United States postal laws, or to Massachusetts, where she is wanted also.

**Fight With Cowboys.**

DEADWOOD, DAK., Feb. 18.—Information was received here a few days ago that a cowboy was killed by a party of cowboys, rescue Pruden, who had been arrested for horse-stealing. A party left Spearfish to assist the officers having Pruden in charge. At Sturgis the posse was attacked by cowboys, and many others. Others were killed, and Fred Willard wounded. One cowboy named Cunningham was killed; another was wounded and captured. The cowboys in the party as being organized to pursue them.

CARDO, Feb. 18.—In the circus in Cairo an Italian acrobat unfurled an Italian flag, whereupon an English officer seized it and struck the ground with it. The acrobat recovered the flag and would not let it go when he was struck by a Frenchman. A match ensued, and English officers separated the combatants. The Italian Consul has demanded satisfaction for the insult.

**The Great San Francisco.**

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 18.—A contract has been signed between the Central Pacific, Union Pacific, Chicago & Northwestern, and the Pullman Company for through sleepers and parlor cars between San Francisco and Chicago from April 1st.

**FRANK P. SEARCE,**

—Agent for the celebrated VOLKMAR—

**BICYCLES and TRICYCLES**



36 PAGE CATALOGUE FREE.  
**THE HANDSOMEST IN THE WORLD**  
No. 14, East Main Street,  
LEXINGTON, KY.

**HENRY ORT, Furniture**

Successor to WHITE & ORT,  
Headquarters for

Parlor, Bed-room and Dining-room:

**Easy Chairs a Specialty.**

BED-ROOM SUITS from \$30 to \$300. Large lines of WILLIAMS GOODS, EASY CHAIRS etc.  
All Cashmere bills liberally discounted. Call and be convinced.

**Strike of the Bottles.**

A nervous and disease-stricken old gentleman was sitting in his room on an easy chair, his physician being at his side.

Said the old gentleman, "Now, doctor, you have been treating me for a long time, and haven't done me much good. I'm tired of all this. I want you to strike at the root of all my disorders."

Said the doctor, "Do you mean exactly what you say?"

"To be sure I do," said the venerable invalid.

"Well, here goes!" said the doctor, "and with one whack of his cane he broke to pieces the brandy-bottle which stood on the mantel.

The old gentleman was angry and excited, but he had a good answer ready for the doctor. "Doctor, if it hadn't been for your doctrine, I never would have got into the habit of drinking."

In Brown's Iron Bitters there is strength for the debilitated, refreshment for the nervous, and new life for the broken-down. 13

**C. S. MINER & BRO.,**

—ESTABLISHED 1832—DEALERS IN—

**BOOTS, Leather and Findings  
SHOES,** MAYSVILLE, KY.



The Most Successful Remedy ever discovered as it is certain in its effects and does not blister. Read proof below.

**Kendall's Spavin Cure.**

SANTA ROSA, California, Feb. 18, 1883  
B. J. KENDALL & CO.—Gents!—I feel it a duty to call your attention to the following of the return to write to you. I have had the plies and proclamations of Dr. Bates' Spavin Cure sent to me, and I have suffered the most agonizing pain. I tried the use of Kendall's Spavin Cure, I have not seen or heard of the plies and can not comprehend the great joy that I felt at being cured of a disease that had plagued me for years. I have a young horse that had a large bunch gather on his hind legs, and it cut him open, and I had it cut off and it cut off without any benefit. Saw your advertisement and bought a bottle of Kendall's Spavin Cure, and applied my teamster to use as directed. In less than a week I was cured. I am now in full health and that a remittent that would do for my horse. Kendall's Spavin Cure has done for my horse what no other Remedy has done. With gratitude and best wishes for your success, I am faithfully yours.

J. H. GLENN.

**Kendall's SPAVIN CURE  
ON HUMAN Flesh.**

VEVAY, IND., APR. 12th, 1881.  
B. J. KENDALL & CO.—Gents!—Sample of Kendall's Spavin Cure sent to you with some with my imprint, printed on one side only. The Kendall's Spavin Cure is in great demand among the horsemen and animals, but for human ailments also. Mr. John H. Glenn, of Vevay, Indiana, applied the Kendall's Spavin Cure to his ankle, and, knowing the value of the remedy in horses, tried it on his wife, who had a sprained ankle, and had expected, "Yours truly, C. O. TIERBAND.

Price \$1 per bottle or 6 bottles for \$5. All you can send me, and I will send it to you, and will be sent to any address on receipt of payment. Proprietor, B. J. KENDALL & CO., Vevay, Indiana. Send for illustrated book, "How to Cure Spavin."

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